## A STUDY ON FACTORS AFFECTING CONCENTRATION ON ONLINE LEARNING OF EASTERN UNIVERSITY STUDENTS WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO COVID-19 PANDEMIC



 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ 

## KEKULANDARA MUDIYANSELAGE HEWAWISSE GEDARA LAKMAL ASANKA KEKULANDARA REG NO: EU/IS/2016/MS/074

**INDEX NO: MS 1924** 



A project report submitted to the Faculty of Commerce and Management, Eastern University, Sri Lanka, as a partial fulfilment of the requirement for the Degree of Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA)

DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT
FACULTY OF COMMERCE AND MANAGEMENT
EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA
2021

## **ABSTRACT**

In the education sector worldwide universities, schools, other education institutions are temporarily closed. All the governments around the world establish online learning processes due to the closure of educational institutions. In Sri Lanka schools and universities, learning during the pandemic has most happen via online channels.

This study main objective is to identifying what factors affecting the concentration on online learning due to covid 19 in Eastern University Sri Lanka. This study was basically benefitting the Students, Lecturers, UGC and Administration of the university. The findings of this study will serve as a basis for these future researchers. With the use of the results of this study the management and students can be take actions to improve concentration. It helps to identify what kind of factors actually affect for the concentration on online learning. So, it will be help for the all the parties who engage with the online learning process in the University system.

The researcher mainly studies about three affecting variables. Such as Environment at home, Internet and social media and student's mental health as the independent variables and concentration on online learning as a dependent variable. In accordance with literature review and findings, there are literature and empirical knowledge regarding the relationship and impact of Factors affecting concentration on online learning. The data was collected from 372 respondents from six faculties in Eastern University Sri Lanka, through survey questionnaire.

According to the research findings the researcher found there is a significant positive impact of environment at home, internet and social media and student's mental health on dependent variable of concentration on online learning. Therefore, null hypothesis there is no significant positive impact between dependent and independent variable was rejected.

According to the result the researcher found those independent variables are highly impact on the Concentration on online learning. So, if the UGC or University administration and Students actively involve to improve concentration everyone can gain positive results even there is pandemic situation.

*Key words*: as Environment at home, Internet and social media, Student's mental health, Concentration on online learning

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTiii
ABSTRACTiv
TABLE OF CONTENTS
LIST OF TABLESix
LIST OF FIGURExi
Chapter – 11 -
INTRODUCTION1-
1.1 Background of the Study 1-
1.2 Research problem/ Research Gap2 -
1.3 Research Questions ————————————————————————————————————
1.4 Research Objectives
1.5 Significance of the Study5 -
1.6 Scope of the Study5 -
1.7 Organization of Chapters5 -
1.8 Chapter Summary - 6 -
Chapter – 27 -
LITERATURE REVIEW7 -
2.1 Introduction - 7 -
2.2 Definition of Concepts7 -
2.2.1 Concentration7 -
2.2.2 Online Learning in Universities8 -
2.3 Factors Affecting to Concentration on Online Learning 10 -
2.3.1 Environment at Home 10 -
2.3.2 Internet and Social Media 10 -
2.3.3 Mental Health of Students 12 -
2.4 Relationship between Internet and Social Media and Concentration of Online
Learning 15 -
2.5 Relationship Between the Environment of Home and Concentration of Online
Learning 17 -

2.6 Relationship between Mental Health and Student's Concentration of Online
Learning 18 -
2.7 Chapter Summary20 -
Chapter – 3 21 -
CONCEPTUALIZATION AND OPERATIONALIZATION21 -
3.1 Introduction 21 -
3.2 Conceptualization Framework 21 -
3.3 Variables Relevant to the Conceptual Model 22 -
3.3.1 Student's Mental Health 22 -
3.3.2 Internet and social media 23 -
3.3.3 Environment at Home24 -
3.4 Operationalization 25 -
3.5 Chapter Summary 27 -
Chapter – 4 28 -
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY 28 -
4.1 Introduction - 28 -
4.2 Research philosophy 28 -
4.3 Research Approach29 -
4.4 Research Strategy 30 -
4.5 Methodological Choice30 -
4.6 Time Horizon 31 -
4.7 Research Area
4.8 Population of the Study 31 -
4.9 Sampling32 -
4.10 Sample Size32 -
4.11 Methods of Data Collection and Source33 -
4.11.1 Primary Data 33 -
4.11.2 Secondary Data 33 -
4.12 Research Instruments 33
4.13 Sources of Measurement34 -
4.13.1 Method of Measured the Personal Information 34 -
4.13.2 Methods of Measuring the Research Information 35 -

	4.14 Pilot Study	35 -
	4.15 Reliability of Instrument	36 -
	4.16 Unit of Data Analysis	37 -
	4.17 Method of Data Analysis	37 -
	4.17.1 Methods of Data Analysis for First Objective	37 -
	4.17.2 Methods of Data Analysis for Second Objective	38 -
	4.17.3 Methods of Data Analysis for Third Objective	38 -
	4.18 Method of Data Evaluation	38 -
	4.18.1 Univariate Analysis	38 -
	4.18.2 Correlate Analysis	39 -
	4.18.3 Simple Regression Analysis	40 -
	4.18.4 The Multiple Regression Analysis	40 -
	4.19 Testing Hypotheses	41 -
	4.20 Ethical Consideration	42 -
	4.21 Chapter Summary	42 -
(	CHAPTER 05	43 -
Ι	DATA PRESENTATION AND ANALYSIS	43 -
	5.1 Introduction	
	5.2 Test of Reliability	43 -
	5.3 Data Presentation	44 -
	5.3.1 Data Presentation and Analysis of Personal Information	44 -
	5.3.2 Data Presentation for Research Information	46 -
	5.4 Hypotheses Testing	58 -
	5.4.1 Testing Hypothesis 1	58 -
	5.4.2 Testing Hypothesis 2	59 -
	5.4.3 Testing Hypothesis 3	59 -
	5.5 Chapter Summary	60 -
(	Chapter 6	61 -
Ι	DISCUSSION	61 -
	6.1 Introduction	61 -
	6.2 Discussion of Personal Information	61 -

6.2.2. Year of Study61 -
6.2.3. Faculty 62 -
6.3 Discussion of Research Information 62 -
6.3.1 Discussion for First Objective 62 -
6.3.2 Discussion for Second Objective 63 -
6.3.3 Discussion for Third Objective 64 -
6.4 Discussion for Hypothesis 67
6.4.1. Testing Hypothesis 1: 67 -
6.4.2. Testing Hypothesis 2:
6.4.3 Testing Hypothesis 3 67 -
6.5 Chapter Summary - 68 -
Chapter – 7 69 -
CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 69 -
7.1 Introduction 69 -
7.1 Introduction - 69 - 7.2 Conclusions - 69 -
7.2 Conclusions 69 -
7.2 Conclusions 69 7.2.1 First Objective 69
7.2 Conclusions 69 - 7.2.1 First Objective 69 - 7.2.2 Second Objective 69 -
7.2 Conclusions       - 69 -         7.2.1 First Objective       - 69 -         7.2.2 Second Objective       - 69 -         7.2.3 Third Objective       - 70 -
7.2 Conclusions       - 69 -         7.2.1 First Objective       - 69 -         7.2.2 Second Objective       - 69 -         7.2.3 Third Objective       - 70 -         7.3 Contributions of the Study       - 70 -
7.2 Conclusions       - 69 -         7.2.1 First Objective       - 69 -         7.2.2 Second Objective       - 69 -         7.2.3 Third Objective       - 70 -         7.3 Contributions of the Study       - 70 -         7.4 Recommendations       - 71 -
7.2 Conclusions       - 69 -         7.2.1 First Objective       - 69 -         7.2.2 Second Objective       - 69 -         7.2.3 Third Objective       - 70 -         7.3 Contributions of the Study       - 70 -         7.4 Recommendations       - 71 -         7.5 Limitations of the Study       - 71 -
7.2 Conclusions       - 69 -         7.2.1 First Objective       - 69 -         7.2.2 Second Objective       - 69 -         7.2.3 Third Objective       - 70 -         7.3 Contributions of the Study       - 70 -         7.4 Recommendations       - 71 -         7.5 Limitations of the Study       - 71 -         7.6 Directions for Future Study       - 72 -
7.2 Conclusions- 69 -7.2.1 First Objective- 69 -7.2.2 Second Objective- 69 -7.2.3 Third Objective- 70 -7.3 Contributions of the Study- 70 -7.4 Recommendations- 71 -7.5 Limitations of the Study- 71 -7.6 Directions for Future Study- 72 -7.7 Chapter Summary- 72 -