Eastern University, Sri Lanka Faculty of Commerce and Management Final Year First Semester Examination in Bachelor of Commerce Honours/ Bachelor of Commerce in Business Economics-2021/2022 (January 2024)(Proper/ Repeat) ECN 4133 Development Problem and Policies

Answer all questions

Time: 03 Hours

1.

- i. Is population growth and its uneven distribution associated with (07 Marks) economic development? Explain.
- ii. Briefly discuss the positive and negative economic impact of (07 Marks) population growth.
- iii. What are the policies countries across the world implement to (06 Marks) maintain a potential level of population?

(Total 20 Marks)

2.

- i What is meant by foreign aid? List out the classifications of foreign (06 Marks) aid.
- ii. "Foreign aid given by the donor countries to the developing (07 Marks) countries may have various motives" Do you agree? Explain
- iii. Briefly explain how foreign aid can help for the development path of (07 Marks) the developing countries.

(Total 20 Marks)

3.

- i. How does Foreign Direct Investment help for the development? (06 Marks)
- ii. Briefly discuss the positive and negative impacts of foreign direct (07 Marks) investment flows on the <u>home</u> and <u>host</u> country economies.
- iii. Briefly explain the ways and means in which a developing country (07 Marks) must be prepared to attract foreign direct investment.

(Total 20 Marks)

4.

- i. Briefly discuss the benefits of inward international labour migration (06 Marks)
- ii. Define the meaning of corruption and explain its impact on (07 Marks) economic development
- iii. What is meant by Foreign Remittance? Are remittances always good (07 Marks) for the economy? Discuss

(Total 20 Marks)

- 5.
- i. State the nature of government debt, and list out the purpose of (06 Marks) government borrowings from other sources.

ii. Briefly explain the methods of paying public debt. (05 Marks)

iii. Write short notes on <u>any three</u> of the following (09 Marks)

1) Policies to utilize foreign aid productively

2) Policies to attract foreign remittances

3) Policies to manage inward labour migration

4) Policies to control corruption

5) Policies to minimize income inequality,

(Total 20 Marks)