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Eastern University, Sri Lanka Faculty of Commerce and Management

Second Year - Second Semester Examination in BBA/BCom - 2017/2018

January-2020 (Proper)

MGT 2042 Management Information System

Time: 02 Hours

Answer All Four (4) Questions.

Answers have to be given in this question paper.

Number of Pages: 9

-5	For Examiners Use Only					
Question	Allocated Marks	Actual Marks (1st Examiner)	Actual Marks (2 nd Examiner)			
Q1	25					
Q2	25					
Q3	30	# * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				
Q4	20					
Total	100					

Inde	ex Number:
Q1. (a)	"A digital firm can be defined along with several dimensions". How would differentiate a digital firm from a traditional firm?
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	→
(b)	Business firms invest heavily in information systems to achieve six strategic by objectives. List out the six (6) Strategic Business Objectives of Information Systems
1.	
2.	
3.	1
4.	
5.	
6.	
(c)	Identify at least five (5) important applications of social business inside and out firm.
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	

Ind	ex Number:	
(d)	Briefly explain five (5) business benefits of	collaboration and social business.
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
(e)	Firms use enterprise systems , also know systems , to integrate business process components/sub-systems of ERP system of a	es of an organization. List out mai
2.	* ,	
3.		pa de 3
4.	•	
5.		1
6.		
Q2. (a)	Briefly explain five (5) problems with the capabilities of 'Database Management Syst table format). Problems with the Traditional File Environment	(Total 25 Marks e 'Traditional File Environment' and major ems' (Give your answers in the following Major Capabilities of Database Management Systems
, manage ,		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.	4	

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. The network infrastructure for a large corporation consists of a large components than a small firm. Indicate the major components of a Corporat Infrastructure of large corporations in Sri Lanka.	
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. The network infrastructure for a large corporation consists of a large components than a small firm. Indicate the major components of a Corporat Infrastructure of large corporations in Sri Lanka.	
3. 4. 5. 6. The network infrastructure for a large corporation consists of a large components than a small firm. Indicate the major components of a Corporat Infrastructure of large corporations in Sri Lanka.	
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5. C) The network infrastructure for a large corporation consists of a large components than a small firm. Indicate the major components of a Corporat Infrastructure of large corporations in Sri Lanka.	
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3				
4	•		***************************************	-
5				
(e)	What are the components of an organizational framework for secu	rity and	l control	?
1.		The second secon		
2.				4.2
3.	•	*		
4.		- Aug		
5.				
	,	(1	Total 25	Marks)
Q3.	True or False Questions: Please give your answer (T or F) in the Do not write your answer (T/F) in the last column.	e given	boxes/c	,
Q3. No. 1.	Statement Statement			,
No.	Do not write your answer (T/F) in the last column.	e given	boxes/c	,
No.	Statement More formally, e-commerce is about digitally enabled commercial transactions between and among organizations and individuals.	e given	boxes/c	,
No. 1.	Statement More formally, e-commerce is about digitally enabled commercial transactions between and among organizations and individuals. Ubiquity, global reach, universal standards, richness, interactivity,	e given	boxes/c	,
No. 1.	Statement More formally, e-commerce is about digitally enabled commercial transactions between and among organizations and individuals.	e given	boxes/c	,
No. 1.	Statement More formally, e-commerce is about digitally enabled commercial transactions between and among organizations and individuals. Ubiquity, global reach, universal standards, richness, interactivity, information density, personalization and social technology are dimensions of e-commerce technology.	e given	boxes/c	,
No. 1. 2.	Statement More formally, e-commerce is about digitally enabled commercial transactions between and among organizations and individuals. Ubiquity, global reach, universal standards, richness, interactivity, information density, personalization and social technology are dimensions of e-commerce technology. The practice of obtaining information or input into a task or project	e given	boxes/c	,
No. 1. 2.	Statement More formally, e-commerce is about digitally enabled commercial transactions between and among organizations and individuals. Ubiquity, global reach, universal standards, richness, interactivity, information density, personalization and social technology are dimensions of e-commerce technology. The practice of obtaining information or input into a task or project (to solve some business problem/customers problems) by enlisting	e given	boxes/c	,
No. 1. 2.	Statement More formally, e-commerce is about digitally enabled commercial transactions between and among organizations and individuals. Ubiquity, global reach, universal standards, richness, interactivity, information density, personalization and social technology are dimensions of e-commerce technology. The practice of obtaining information or input into a task or project	e given	boxes/c	,
No. 1. 2.	Statement More formally, e-commerce is about digitally enabled commercial transactions between and among organizations and individuals. Ubiquity, global reach, universal standards, richness, interactivity, information density, personalization and social technology are dimensions of e-commerce technology. The practice of obtaining information or input into a task or project (to solve some business problem/customers problems) by enlisting the services of a large number of people, either paid or unpaid,	e given	boxes/c	,

There are six areas that need to be addressed by the IT Policies of every company. List out

at least five (5) such key areas that should be covered by the IT polices of a Private

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Company in Sri Lanka.

(d)

1.

2.

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5.	Implementation research to date has found a single explanation for system success or failure. Nor does it suggest a single formula for system success.	1		
6.	Identity management consists of business models and software tools			
	for identifying the invalid users of a system and controlling their			
	access to system resources.			
7.	To help businesses reduce costs and improve manageability, security vendors have combined various security tools into a single appliance, including firewalls, virtual private networks, intrusion detection systems, and Web content filtering and antispam software. These comprehensive security management products are called universal			
8.	threat management system. Encryption is the process of transforming plain text or data into			
0.	cipher text that cannot be read by anyone other than the sender and		=	
	the intended receiver.			
9.	Information technology (IT) infrastructure is the shared technology			
7.	resources that provide the platform for the organization's specific			
	information system applications.			
10	The Mobile Digital Platform, Consumerization of IT and BYOD,			
10.	Quantum Computing, Virtualization, Cloud Computing, Green Computing, High-Performance and Power-Saving Processors are some of the current trends in computer software platforms.		_	
11.	The total cost of ownership (TCO) model can be used to analyse the		j.	
	direct and indirect costs to help firms determine the standard cost of			
	specific technology implementations.		*	
12.	The value chain model highlights specific activities in the business			
	where competitive strategies can best be applied (Porter, 1985) and			Name of Street o
	where information systems are most likely to have a strategic impact.			
13.	The information systems department is responsible for maintaining			
	the hardware, software, data storage, and networks that comprise the			
	firm's IT infrastructure.			
14.	The introduction of new information technology has a ripple effect, raising new ethical, social, and political issues that must be dealt with only at the individual and social levels.			
15.	The ethical and social implications of information systems are now			
	more far-reaching than ever, affecting individuals who use			
	information systems such as managers and employees in business firms.			
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- Q4. Multiple Choice Questions: (Underline Most Appropriate/Suitable Answer-ONLY ONE)
 - 1. The order of E-Commerce Presence Timeline Phases are:
 - (A) Planning, Web site development, Web Implementation, Social media plan, Social media implementation, Mobile plan
 - (B) Web site development, Social media plan, Planning Web Implementation, , Social media implementation, Mobile plan
 - (C) Mobile plan, Planning, Web site development, Web Implementation, Social media plan, Social media implementation
 - (D) Planning, Mobile plan, Web site development, Web Implementation, Social media plan, Social media implementation
 - (E) Social media implementation, Mobile plan, Planning, Web site development, Web Implementation, Social media plan
 - 2. Information System Problem areas are:
 - (A) Design, Operations, Cost, People
 - (B) Data, Cost, Task, Process
 - (C) Technology, Data, People, Operations
 - (D) Task, Technology, Structure, People
 - (E) Cost, Operations, Data, Design
 - 3. Out of the following which is not an internal factor of Competitive Forces Model for IT Infrastructure?
 - (A) Competitor firm IT infrastructure investments
 - (B) Your firm's services
 - (C) Market demand for your firm's services
 - (D) Your firm's business strategy
 - (E) Your firm's IT strategy, infrastructure, and cost
 - 4. Out of the following which is a Challenge Posed by Strategic Information Systems?
 - (A) Developing new products and services
 - (B) Managing employees of IT Department
 - (C) Aligning IT with Business Objectives
 - (D) Developing new business strategies
 - (E) Creating best practices and policies
 - 5. All the hardware and software technologies which are needed to a firm to achieve its business objectives is.....
 - (A) Information Technology (IT)
 - (B) Information System (IS)
 - (C) Information System Literacy
 - (D) Information Technology Infrastructure
 - (E) Information and Communication Technology

1.	a movement between levels
	sociotechnical systems.
2.	The to information systems emphasi
	mathematically based models to study information systems, as well as the physical
	technology and formal capabilities of these systems.
3.	The in the organization is composed of three dist
	entities. They are: (1) an information systems department, (2) information systems
	specialists and (3) both hardware and software.
4.	An information system can be defined technically as a set of interrelated components
	collect (or retrieve), process, store, and distribute information to supp
	in an organization.
5.	The field ofdeals with behavioural iss
	as well as technical issues surrounding the development, use, and impact of information
	systems used by managers and employees in the firm.

Fill in the blank questions: By using most appropriate concept(s) or word(s).

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風力	RULLA	TASERRI		 		 	

Matching Questions: Match the right hand side meaning or definition with spaces given in the left hand side (Please specify the most appropriate <u>one letter</u> only in the given spaces).

100
A Software governing organization of data on physical
storage media is termed as
new developments based on an array of new hardware and software technologies are
Detailed, preprogrammed instructions that control and
coordinate computer hardware components in an
Information System is
How a company produces, delivers, and sells a
product or service to create wealth is termed as.
Identifying customers, making customers aware of the
product, selling the product is
A set of logically related tasks and behaviour that
organizations develop over time to produce specific
business results and the unique manner in which these
activities are organized and coordinated.
A service provided by the Internet that uses universally accepted standards for storing, retrieving,
formatting, and displaying information in a page
format on the Internet.
I Representatives of departments outside of the
Information Systems Group for whom applications are
developed
Optimal organizational performance is achieved by
jointly optimizing both the social and technical systems
used in production is
The unique way in which organizations coordinate
and organize work activities, information, and knowledge to produce a product or service is
The distribution of processed information to the people
who will use it or to the activities for which it will
be used.
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be used. The conversion, manipulation, and analysis of raw input into a form that is more meaningful to human.
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be used. The conversion, manipulation, and analysis of raw input into a form that is more meaningful to human.
be used. The conversion, manipulation, and analysis of raw input into a form that is more meaningful to human. Systems that span functional areas, focus on executing business processes across the business firm, and include all levels of management is
be used. The conversion, manipulation, and analysis of raw input into a form that is more meaningful to human. Systems that span functional areas, focus on executing business processes across the business firm, and

(Total 20 Marks)