



EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS
FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE - 2016/2017
SECOND SEMESTER (MARCH-2019)
CC 106 - BIO STATISTICS
(REPEAT)

Answer all questions.

Time: One hour.

Calculator and Statistical table will be provided.

1. (a) Compare the variances of two samples in the following table:

Sample 1	0	4	2	8	9
Sample 2	2	5	7	4	1

[20 marks]

- (b) A researcher wants to find the relationship between two variables X and Y . He has collected the following data from 5 units.

X	2	4	6	8	10
Y	10	17	22	34	43

- i. Draw a suitable graph and comment on the relationship between X and Y .

[10 marks]

- ii. Find the Pearson's correlation coefficient for the sample and interpret it.

[20 marks]

- iii. Fit a regression model of the form of $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$.

[20 marks]

- iv. Check the significance of parameters β_0 and β_1 at 5% significance level and interpret the significant parameter/s.

[25 marks]

- v. Estimate the average of Y when the value of X is 2.5.

[05 marks]

2. (a) Suppose that the probability of selecting an infertile seed from a lot is 0.2. If 10 seeds are selected randomly, what is the probability that at least 8 seeds are infertile. [25 marks]
- (b) It has been observed by a researcher that average number of insects in a certain plant in a day is 10. Find the probability that a randomly selected plant will have a maximum of 3 insects. [25 marks]
- (c) Suppose that life span (in days) of a certain species is normally distributed with an average life span of 400 days and variance of 225. What is the probability that the life span of a randomly selected individual will be between 350 days and 390 days. [25 marks]
- (d) For testing the hypothesis: $H_0 : \mu = 25$ vs $H_1 : \mu \neq 25$, a sample has been drawn from a normally distributed population. Test the hypothesis at 5% significance level by using the following summarized data of the sample, given with the following notations: $n = 15$; $\bar{X} = 22$; $S^2 = 9$. [25 marks]

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