



EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS
FIRST EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE - 2016/2017
FIRST SEMESTER (AUG./SEPT., 2018)
EN 1021 - BASIC STATISTICS

Answer all questions.

Time: One hour.

Calculator and Statistical table will be provided.

1. (a) Some seeds were randomly selected and examined for number of physical damages. Data are as follows:

No of damages	0	1	2	3	4
Frequency	5	9	6	4	1

Find the standard deviation of the number of damages. [20 marks]

- (b) A researcher wants to find the relationship between two variables X and Y . He has collected the following data from 6 units.

X	Y	X^2	Y^2	XY
1	9	1	81	9
2	17	4	289	34
3	20	9	400	60
4	28	16	784	112
5	27	25	729	135
6	36	36	1296	216
sum:21	137	91	3579	566

- i. Find the Pearson's correlation coefficient for the sample and interpret it.

[20 marks]

(P. T. O.)

[Question 1. continued...]

- ii. Fit a regression model of the form of $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$. [25]
- iii. Check the significance of parameters β_0 and β_1 at 5% significance level. Interpret the significant parameter/s. [30]
- iv. Estimate the average of Y when the value of X is 2.5. [05]
2. (a) Suppose that the probability of recovery for a certain disease is 0.4. If 4 patients are selected randomly, what is the probability that at least 4 will recover. [25]
- (b) An agricultural research has concluded that average number of roots of a crop is 5. Find the probability that a randomly selected plant will have more than 2 roots. [25]
- (c) Suppose that the volume (in ml) of a certain pesticide bottles is normally distributed with mean of 400 ml and variance of 25 ml. What is the probability that the volume of a randomly selected bottle will be between 398 ml and 402 ml? [25]
- (d) For testing the hypothesis: $H_0 : \mu \geq 25$ vs $H_1 : \mu < 25$, a sample of size 10 from a normally distributed population has been taken. Test the hypothesis at 5% significance level by using the following summarized data of the sample: $\bar{X} = 22$, $S^2 = 12$. [25]

-THE END-