



EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA

FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE - 2016/2017

FIRST SEMESTER (Aug./Sep., 2018)

MT 1222 - MATHEMATICAL SOFTWARE

Answer all questions

Time: Three hours

MATHEMATICA

- (a)
- Compute numerical approximations to the square root and cube root of 10 accurate to 20 significant digits.
  - Determine the integer closest to  $\sqrt{159}$ .
  - Select a random number  $x$ , between 0 and 1 and compute  $\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x$ .
  - Approximate the sum  $\frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{17} + \frac{1}{19} + \dots + \frac{1}{51}$ .
  - Print all numbers from 1 to 20, which are not multiples of 2, 3, and 5.

[5 Marks]

- (b) Create a  $5 \times 5$  zero matrix.

- Set the second column as  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ .
- Set the third column as all entry 3.
- Add a new row range from 10 to 14.

[6 Marks]

(c) Consider the list  $\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i\}$ .

i. Insert an element  $p$  at the fourth position.

ii. Replace the elements at position three and seven by 2 and 3.

iii. Place  $x$  at prime-numbered positions. Note that the position is based on primality, not for value.

(d) Compute the values of the first ten derivatives of  $f(x) = e^{x^2}$  at  $x = 0$  and give the results in tabular form.

Q2.(a) Sketch the graphs of the functions  $y = -x^2$ ,  $y = x^2$  and  $y = x^2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$  on the interval  $[0.02, 0.02]$  on one set of axes.

(b) Let  $P$  be a point at a distance  $a$  from the center of a circle of radius  $r$ . The curve traced by  $P$  as the circle rolls along a straight line is called a trochoid. Its parametric equations are  $x = r\theta \sin \theta$ ,  $y = r - a \cos \theta$ .

i. Sketch the trochoid with  $r = 1$ ,  $a = \frac{1}{2}$  as the circle makes four revolutions.

ii. What would the graph look like if  $r = 1$ ,  $a = 2$  so that the point  $P$  is outside the circle?

(c) Plot the given function, which is parameterized by the following equations

$$x(t) = \cos t - \cos 100t \sin t,$$

$$y(t) = 2 \sin t - \sin 100t.$$

(d) Consider the range  $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ . If  $p$  dollars are compounded  $n$  times per year at an annual interest rate of  $r$ , the money will be worth  $p\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$  dollars after  $t$  years. How much will the money be worth after  $t$  years if it is compounded continuously?

(e) Given  $f(x)$  whose graph is  $C$ , the slope of the line tangent to  $C$  at  $x = a$  is  $f'(a)$ . Given  $f(x) = \sin x$ . Sketch the graph and its tangent line at  $a = \frac{\pi}{3}$ .