

EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA

FIRST EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE - 2015/2016

SECOND SEMESTER (May/June-2018)

PH 103 ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM - I

Time: 1 hour

Answer ALL Questions

1. Define the terms *electric field strength* and *electric potential* in an electric field. Write down the relationship between the electric field and the potential gradient.

A thin circular ring of radius a carries a uniform positive charge Q .

- (a) Show that the electric potential at point P at a distance x from the center of the ring is given by

$$V(x) = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}$$

Hence, show that the electric field at point P is

$$E(x) = \frac{Qx}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}$$

- (b) Show that the magnitude of maximum field strength at $x = \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}$ will be

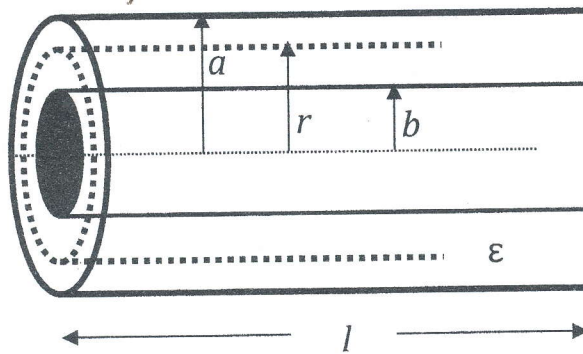
$$E_{\max}(x) = \frac{Q}{6\sqrt{3}\pi\epsilon_0 a^2}$$

along the axis of the ring.

2. Define the term *capacitance* of a conductor.

State and prove Gauss's theorem in electrostatics.

Consider a coaxial cylindrical capacitors of inner radius b and outer radius a respectively as shown in the figure. It has a length l and consists a total charge distribution Q . Assuming the radius of the Gaussian surface as r :



- Write down a general expression for electric field intensity E in terms of r .
- Write down a general expression for potential difference between two points along r .
- Hence, find the potential difference between two coaxial cylinders.
- Calculate the capacitance between the cylinders, and hence determine the corresponding energy stored in the cylinder.