



**EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA**  
**DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS**  
**SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE - 2016/2017**  
**FIRST SEMESTER (Oct. /Nov., 2018)**  
**OC 207 – RAPID APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT**

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**Answer all questions**

**Time allowed: 02 hours**

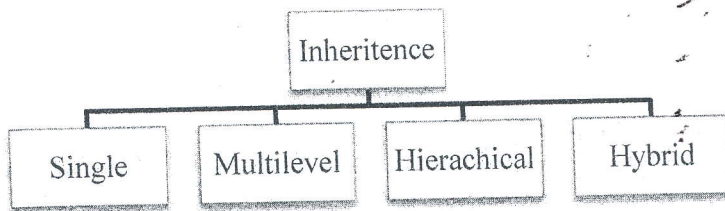
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- 1) Software development is an iterative logical process that aims to create a computer coded or programmed software to address a unique business or personal objective, goal or process.
  - a) Briefly explain the characteristics associated with the conversion of a management need into an application system.
  - b) Every software go through the Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC). Describe what is meant by the SDLC.
  - c) A software process model is an abstract representation of a process. Discuss about this statement with the help of Software development life cycle phases.
  - d) There are two types of SDLC Sequential development and Iterative development. Briefly describe the Iterative development with the aid of a flow diagram.
  - e) Why the Waterfall model is inappropriate for large projects? How does the Spiral model overcome this limitation of the Waterfall model?
  
- 2) Rapid application development (RAD) describes a method of software development which heavily emphasizes rapid prototyping and iterative delivery.
  - a) Instead of a strict set of requirements, developers create prototypes with different features and functions as fast as they can.
    - i. What is the main purpose of software prototyping?
    - ii. Who needs to do software prototyping?
  - b) Consider the Computer-Aided Software Engineering (CASE) tools.
    - i. Discuss the impacts of CASE tools in the system development life cycle.
    - ii. State the important advantages and disadvantages of CASE Tools.
  - c) What are the requirements for RAD and describe two of them.

- d) Write short notes of the following **RAD** management techniques:
- i. Prototyping;
  - ii. Iteration;
  - iii. Time boxing.
- e) What is Code Generator and explain how it works with the help of Facebook app or gmail.

3)

- a) Describe each of the following terms in the context of **OOP**.
- i. Object
  - ii. Class
- b) Access modifiers can be used from code inside or outside the current application. State the purpose of four access modifiers with suitable examples.
- c) **OOP** is also a programming style which is associated with the concepts like Inheritance, Encapsulation, Abstraction, Polymorphism.
- i. Briefly explain the Inheritance and Polymorphism with suitable examples.
  - ii. Inheritance can be further classified into four types as illustrated in the below diagram. Describe any three of them.



- d) Write short notes of the following fundamental features of an Object-Oriented programming:
- i. Constructors;
  - ii. Method Overloading;
  - iii. Method Overriding.

4) **VB.NET** is a multi-paradigm, object-oriented programming language, implemented the .NET Framework.

- a) State the fundamental rules regarding Visual Basic source code.
- b) Every variable must have a name that is unique within its scope.
  - i. State four variable naming rules.
  - ii. Give the syntax for Variable declaration in VB.Net with the suitable example.
- c) Explain briefly the following objects/properties, by stating their important properties and their uses:

- i. ComboBox;
  - ii. MenuStrip;
  - iii. PasswordChar.
- d) Output of the following program should be like 1,1,2,3,5... Find the errors and rewrite the entire corrected program.

```
Public Class Form1
```

```
Private Sub Button1_Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles Button1.Click
```

```
    Dim a As Integer
```

```
    Dim b As Integer = 0
```

```
    Dim i As String = 1
```

```
    For a = 1 To i
```

```
        ListBox1.Items.Add(a)
```

```
        If a = 1 Then ;
```

```
            a = a + b
```

```
            ListBox1.Items.Add(b)
```

```
        End
```

```
    Next
```

```
End Sub
```

```
End Class
```

- e) Write the output of the following program?

```
Public Class Form1
```

```
Private Sub Button1_Click(ByVal sender As System.Object,
```

```
ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles Button1.Click
```

```
Dim counter As Integer
```

```
    counter = 1
```

```
While (counter <= 5)
```

```
    MsgBox("Counter Now is : " & counter)
```

```
    counter = counter + 1
```

```
End While
```

```
End Sub
```

```
End Class
```