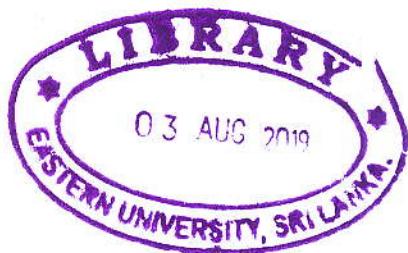
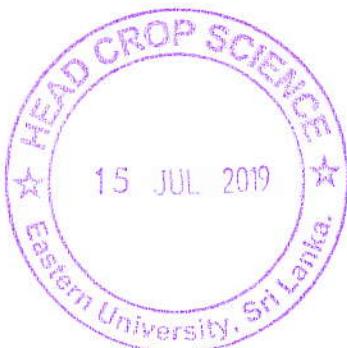


**COMPARISON OF ROOT AND SHOOT  
MORPHOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENT OF SELECTED  
RICE LINES (*Oryza sativa L.*)**

**UNDER MOISTURE STRESS CONDITIONS**



**BY**

**H.B.H. WASANA**



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Barcode



Library  
Eastern University, Sri Lanka

**FACULTY OF AGRICULTURE**

**EASTERN UNIVERSITY**

**SRI LANKA**

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## **ABSTRACT**

An experiment was conducted at the Rice Research and Development Institute (RRDI), Batalagoda, Sri Lanka during January to March 2019 to compare morphological development of selected rice lines under moisture stress conditions.

This experiment was laid out in a Completely Randomized Design (CRD) and as  $3 \times 3$  factorial experiment with five replicates. The two treatments were rice lines and moisture conditions. The drought tolerant lines IRDTN 07-11 and IRDTN 07-56 and the variety Bg 300 were selected as rice lines and three moisture conditions *viz.* irrigated moisture condition throughout the research, moisture stress from two weeks after planting to panicle initiation, followed by an irrigated condition in the reproductive stage, and irrigated condition from two weeks after planting to panicle initiation followed by moisture stress at the reproductive stage was maintained. Agronomic practices were carried out as per the recommendations of the Department of Agriculture, Sri Lanka.

The results showed that the moisture stress in the reproductive stage was severely affected the root and shoot development of rice lines rather than the moisture stress in the vegetative stage. Within the vegetative stage, Bg 300 withstands the water stress similar to the IRDTN 07-11 and IRDTN 07-56. With the water stress at the reproductive stage, the maximum length of roots, root ball length, dry weight of roots, the total length of roots and surface area of roots were higher in IRDTN 07-56 and IRDTN 07-11 were more prominent than that of Bg 300. There was a significant reduction in plant height and the shoot dry weight of these two lines compared to Bg 300. Therefore, the results suggest that among these three lines, IRDTN 07-56 was the most drought-tolerant rice line followed by the IRDTN 07-11.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

ABSTRACT.....	I
ACKNOWLEDGMENT .....	II
TABLE OF CONTENTS .....	III
LIST OF TABLES .....	VI
LIST OF FIGURES .....	VII
ABBREVIATIONS .....	VIII
<b>1. INTRODUCTION.....</b>	<b>1</b>
1.2 Objective of the study .....	5
<b>2. REVIEW OF LITERATURE.....</b>	<b>6</b>
2.1 Rice .....	6
2.2 Scientific classification of rice.....	6
2.3 Importance of rice .....	7
2.4 World rice production and cultivation .....	7
2.5 Rice cultivation, production and consumption of Sri Lanka .....	8
2.6 The growth stages of rice.....	9
2.6.1 Vegetative phase .....	10
2.6.2 Reproductive phase.....	12
2.6.3 Grain filling and ripening or maturation.....	14
2.7 Impacts of drought in global rice cultivation and production.....	15
2.8 Impacts of drought in rice cultivation and production in Sri Lanka .....	17
2.9 Drought stress in rice .....	19
2.9.1 Vegetative drought.....	20
2.9.2 Intermittent drought .....	20
2.9.3 Terminal drought .....	21
2.10 Effect of water stress at vegetative stage .....	22
2.11 Effect of water stress at reproductive stage .....	23
2.12 Morphological development of roots and shoots under water stress .....	26
2.13 Special mechanisms of drought tolerance rice varieties .....	28
<b>3. MATERIALS AND METHODOLOGY.....</b>	<b>31</b>
3.1 Location .....	31
3.2 Climate.....	32

3.3 Species and varieties .....	32
3.4 Experiment .....	32
3.4.1 Statistical design .....	32
3.4.2 Treatments.....	34
3.4.3 Preparation of pots .....	34
3.5 Agronomic practices .....	36
3.5.1 Irrigation .....	36
3.5.2 Fertilizer application .....	36
3.5.3 Weeding .....	37
3.5.4 Pest and disease control .....	37
3.6 Data collection of root and shoot morphology.....	37
3.6.1 Root morphology .....	38
3.6.2 Shoot morphology.....	40
3.6.3 Moisture measurement.....	40
3.7 Statistical analysis.....	41
<b>4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION .....</b>	<b>42</b>
4.1 Variation of soil moisture condition during two weeks after planting to 50% flowering stage .....	42
4.2 Effect of moisture condition and rice lines on maximum length of roots (MRL) .....	43
4.3 Effect of moisture condition and rice lines on root ball length (RBL) .....	44
4.4 Effect of moisture condition and rice lines on plant height .....	47
4.5 Effect of moisture condition and rice lines on number of tillers .....	49
4.6 Effect of moisture condition and rice lines on dry weight of shoots .....	51
4.7 Effect of moisture condition and rice lines on dry weight of roots .....	53
4.8 Effect of moisture condition and rice lines on root parameters in three different root depths.....	56
4.8.1 Total length of roots.....	56
4.8.2 Surface area of roots .....	59
4.8.3 Average Diameter of roots.....	62
4.8.4 Rice root volume.....	64
<b>5. CONCLUSION .....</b>	<b>66</b>
<b>6. SUGGESIONS FOR FUTURE STUDIES.....</b>	<b>67</b>

## REFERENCES.....68