



EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA

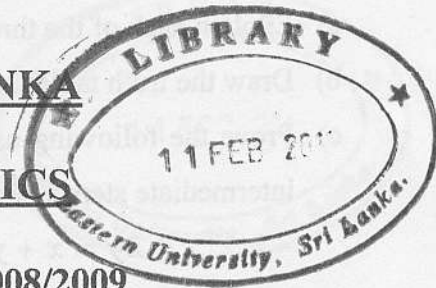
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

FIRST EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE –2008/2009

SECOND SEMESTER (Sept. /Nov. 2010)

CS 106 – COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE

(PROPER & REPEAT)



Answer all questions

Time allowed: 02 hours

01.

- a) Define the following terms:
- computer architecture;
 - computer organization.
- b) What are the four main functions of a computer and draw the functional view diagram of a computer
- c) Convert each of the following decimal values to 8-bit signed magnitude binary:
- 54_{10} ;
 - -49_{10} ;
 - -127_{10} ;
 - -66_{10} .
- d) Convert each of the following 8-bit signed magnitude binary numbers to decimal numbers:
- 10011101_2 ;
 - 00010101_2 ;
 - 11100110_2 ;
- e) What decimal value is represented by the following 32-bit floating point number?

1 10000000 111101100000000000000000

02.

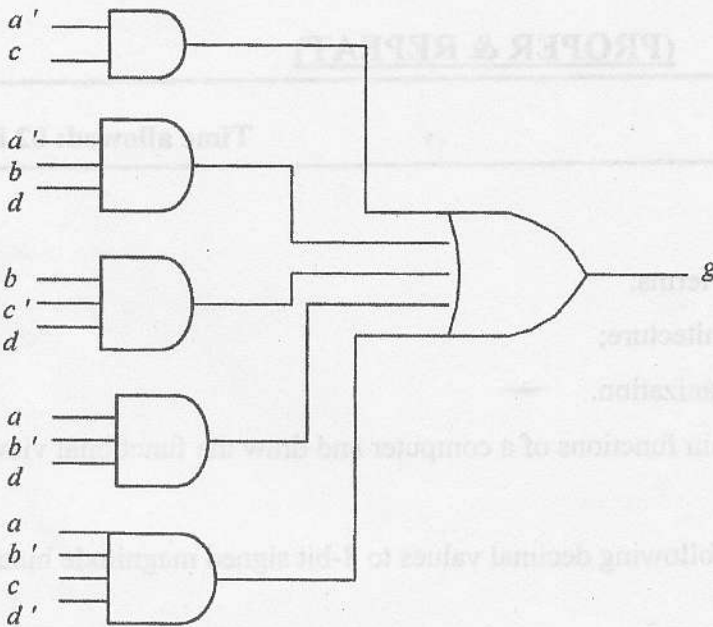
- a) Explain each of the three formats by which a Boolean function is usually expressed.
- b) Draw the truth table and switch representation diagram of the NAND function.
- c) Prove the following using the Boolean algebra. State any rules/theorems used at the intermediate steps to arrive at your answer.

i. $x + \bar{x}y = x + y$

ii. $x + (y \cdot z) = (x + y) \cdot (x + z)$

iii. $xy + \bar{x}z + yz = xy + \bar{x}z$

- d) The circuit in below figure accepts four inputs a, b, c, d and has one output g



- i. Express the function g(a, b, c, d) in sum of product form
 - ii. Simplify the function using Karnaugh map.
 - iii. Find and draw a minimum equivalent logic circuit.
- e) Obtain the truth table of the following functions and express each function in sum of minterm and product of maxterm.
 - i. $(\bar{A} + B)(\bar{B} + C)$
 - ii. $y'z + wxy' + wxz' + w'x'z$

03.

a) Briefly explain the following:

- i. half adder;
- ii. full adder;
- iii. flip flop.

b) Draw the S-R Flip Flop circuit using NAND gates.

c) What do you understand by the eight channels multiplexer?

d) Design the digital logic for segment "e", using seven segment display driver truth table.



04.

a) What do you understand by the term pipelining in computer architecture?

b) A computer is designed to support pipelined architecture. An instruction is processed in 6 stages. Find the execution time for a program having 5 instructions. (assume that each stage of an instruction processing consumes 1 time unit)

c) Explain the memory hierarchy giving its characteristics.

d) What are the advantages of having cache memory in a computer?

e) Explain the basic instruction cycle with the aid of diagrams.