

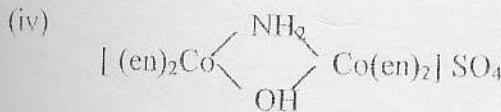
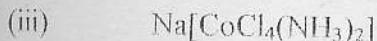
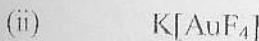
**EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRILANKA**  
**SECOND EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE (FIRST SEMESTER) 2001/2002**  
**CH201 ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY**

Time :01 Hour

Answer all questions

Co<sup>ordination</sup> 8 Marks  
Chem

1.(a) Write the IUPAC name of the following complexes.



(b) Write the chemical formula of the following complexes.

(i) decammime - $\mu$ -amidodicobalt(III) Nitrate.

(ii) Ammonium tetraisothiocyanatodiamminechromate(III)

(iii) Sodium pentacyanonitrosylferrate(III)

(iv) trichlorotriamminecobalt(III)

(v) hydroxopentaaquoaluminium(III)

(c) How does the Valence Bond Theory accounts for the following observations.

(i)  $[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$  is diamagnetic and square planar.

(ii)  $[\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4]^{2-}$  is diamagnetic and tetrahedral.

[Atomic no: Ni –28]

(d) Briefly explain the following terms with one example for each.

(i) Ionization isomerism.

(ii) Hydrate isomerism.

(iii) Co<sup>ordination</sup> position isomerism.

(iv) Linkage isomerism.

Contd....

2. (a) Indicate the d-electron arrangement in  $[\text{Ni}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{2+}$  and calculate the crystal field stabilisation energy (CFSE) and spin only magnetic moment value.
- (b) Briefly describe the physical and chemical properties of groupII A elements.
- (c) How does Nitrogen differ from other groupV elements?  
Give three methods for the preparation of Nitrogen. (Give balanced chemical equation).
- (d)(i) Oxygen forms only divalent compounds whereas sulphur forms 2,4,6 valence compounds. Briefly explain the above statements.
- (ii) Give three uses of Hydrogen.

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