EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA SECOND EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE - 2005/2006 1 B R A R L SECOND SEMESTER ×-(MARCH/APRIL 2008) 29 MAY 2003 PH 206 WAVES AND VIBRATIONS Oniversity,

Sri

Time: 01 hour.

Answer ALL Questions

1. A damped oscillating system has an effective mass m, a natural un-damped frequency ω_0 and has a damping co-efficient proportional to the velocity of

magnitude $\frac{m\omega_0}{\sqrt{2}}$. If there exists a driving force $F\cos\left(\frac{\omega_0 t}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$ Show that:

i. The displacement of the system is

$$\frac{F}{m\,\omega_0^2} \cos\!\left(\omega_0 t - \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}}\right).$$

ii. The velocity of the system is

$$\frac{F}{m\,\omega_0}\,Sin\!\left(\omega_0t-\frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}}\right).$$

iii. The work done in the first quarter is

$$\frac{F^2}{m\,\omega_0^2}\bigg(\frac{\pi}{4}-\frac{1}{2}\bigg).$$

 Two objects P and Q each of mass m are connected by three springs of spring constants k₁, k₂ and k₃ as shown in the figure.



If the objects undergoes longitudinal vibration with x_1 and x_2 as the horizontal displacement,

i. Show that the equation of motion of P and Q are given by

$$m\ddot{x}_{1} + (k_{1} + k_{2})x_{1} - k_{2}x_{2} = 0$$

$$m\ddot{x}_{2} + (k_{2} + k_{3})x_{2} - k_{2}x_{1} = 0$$

ii. Show that, if $k_1 = k_3$ the angular frequencies $\omega_1 and \omega_2$ of the normal modes are given by

$$\omega_1 = \sqrt{\frac{k_1}{m}}$$
 and $\omega_2 = \sqrt{\frac{k_1 + 2k_2}{m}}$.

iii. When normal mode frequencies are equal to ω_1 and ω_2 discuss the vibrations of the system.