



## EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA FIRST SEMESTER FIRST EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE

2008/2009 (July/ August 2010)

External degree (2005/2006)

**EXTCH 102 Introduction to Electrochemistry and Thermodynamics** 

Answer all questions

Time: one Hour

## $R = 8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}, 2.303 \text{ RT/F} = 0.0591 \text{ V}$

(a) Explain graphically the work done by the system in a reversible expansion of an ideal gas is greater than that of irreversible process. [20 marks]

(b) One mole of a gas is allowed to expand isothermally and reversibly from a volume of 1 dm $^3$  to 50 dm $^3$  at 273 K. Calculate w, q and  $\Delta U$  assuming Van der Waals behaviour. Van der Waals constants are a = 6.5 atm dm<sup>6</sup> mol<sup>-2</sup>; b = 0.056 dm<sup>3</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup> and R = 0.082 atm dm<sup>3</sup> K<sup>-1</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup>

[40 marks]

(c) i. Derive an expression for the entropy change  $\Delta S = C_V \ln \left( \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right) + R \ln \left( \frac{V_2}{V_1} \right)$ [20 marks]

ii. Calculate the entropy changed experienced by 2 mol of an ideal gas which is allowed to expand from an initial state of 100 dm3 at 323 K to a final state of 150 dm<sup>3</sup> at 423 K. [ $C_{V,m} = 4R$ ]

20 marks

2]

(a) i. Derive the Maxwell relation  $\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_T = \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_V$ [15 marks]

ii. 0.5 moles of methane expands isothermally from 1.00 l t 1.50 l. Find  $\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_{V}$ and calculate the entropy change ( $\Delta S$ ), assuming that methane obeys the Van der Waals equation of state. [Van der Waals constants are a = 6.5 atm dm<sup>6</sup> mol<sup>-2</sup>;  $b = 0.056 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{ and } R = 0.082 \text{ atm dm}^3 \text{ K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ 

[25 marks]

- (b) The following redox reaction occurs in a cell:  $2Au^{3+}(aq) + 3Ni(s) \rightarrow 3Ni^{2+}(aq) + 2Au(s)$ 
  - (i) Identify the oxidizing agent in the reaction
  - (ii) How many electrons are transferred in the redox reaction
  - (iii) Represent the electrochemical cell for the cell reaction
  - (iv) Calculate the standard cell potential  $(E_{cell}^{\theta})$  for the cell.  $[E_{Au^{3+}/Au}^{\theta} = 1.38V, E_{Ni^{2+}/Ni}^{\theta} = -0.23V]$
  - (v) Calculate the cell potential ( $E_{cell}$ ) for the cell when [ $Au^{3+}$ ] =1.2 x 10<sup>-6</sup> M and [ $Ni^{2+}$ ] = 1.10 M

[60 marks]