



**EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA**  
**FACULTY OF COMMERCE AND MANAGEMENT**  
**(EXTERNAL DEGREE)**  
**PART - III EXAMINATION IN BBA - 2007 / 08**

**EXB 402 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING**

**Answer all question**

**Time : 03Hours**

01.

- a). Briefly explain the nature of Development Economics.  
(04 marks)
  - b). "Economic Development came to be redefined in new economic view point in 1970s" Explain that view point.  
(04 marks)
  - c). Explain the three objectives of Development.  
(04 marks)
  - d). Briefly explain Amartya sen's "Capabilities approach".  
(08 marks)
- (Total 20 marks)

02.

- a). Explain the basic reasons for low levels of living standard in developing countries.  
(04 marks)
  - b). "High rates of population growth and dependency burdens are some of the common characteristics of under developed countries" Explain with examples.  
(08 marks)
  - c). Explain the many ways in which developing countries may differ in their economics, Social and political structures.  
(08 marks)
- (Total 20 marks)

03.

- a). Explain the relationship between a Lorenz curve and Gini coefficient by using a diagram. (08 marks)
- b). Distinguish between poverty rate and poverty gap? (04 marks)
- c). Explain the relationship between poverty and the environment. (04 marks)
- d). What less developed countries can do for the global environment conservation? (04 marks)
- (Total 20 marks)

04.

- a). Briefly indicate the main features of the “ Take off “ stage of Rostows model of economic growth (05 marks)
- b). Explain the importance of “ take off “ stage for developing countries. ( 05marks)
- c). Explain the limitations of Arthur Lewis model of economics growth (05 marks)
- d). List out the distinctions between Balanced and unbalanced growth. (05 marks)
- (Total 20 marks)

05.

- a). Explain the nature of Development planning . (04 marks)
- b). “The acceptance of planning as a development tool rested on a number of fundamental economic and institutional arguments” what are those arguments? (08 marks)
- c). What are the main reasons for failure in planning in developing countries? (08 marks)
- (Total 20 marks)